For now:
- Environment variable completion (you can forget about that)
- In-line command editing
- The name completion
- Command/program completion

Bash features

5. Primary and secondary data files in /etc
4. Editing a web page with emacs
3. The web server
2. File commands
1. More on the shell

structure

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Lecture 1

L1901a
files and directories

command.
The man page for a command tells you about the flags of a
command. --opposite string. Note the double minus.

GNU utilities also accept a long format of options. For example

--help. --verbose. --quiet -v

Such flags may be concatenated. Thus -vQ is the same as

-traditionally flags are of the form -xx. Example is -t file.

Commands accept arguments and flags. Flags modify the way a

flags

exit
show history
print thing
change to directory
show current directory
Apache

Apache is a web server running on wotan.

A user can create a web page as file
- user/public-html/file.html

The web server shows it at the URL
http://wotan.liu.edu/user/file.html

If the file is omitted, for example in the URL
http://wotan.liu.edu/user/
then the file
http://wotan.liu.edu/user/index.html
is shown.

Apache